

Supporting Information.

Hyun M. Jung, Jeong H. Koh, Mahn-J. Kim* and Jaiwook Park*

**Concerted Catalytic Reactions
for Conversion of Ketones or Enol Acetates to Chiral Acetates**

Experimental:

General. All reactions and manipulations were performed under argon using standard Schlenk techniques. Toluene was distilled from sodium benzophenone ketyl under argon. Complex **5** $((C_6H_5)_4C_4CO)_2H(\mu-H)(CO)_4Ru_2$ was prepared according to a literature procedure.¹ Novozym 435 (*C. antarctica* lipase B) was a generous gift from Novo Nordisk, Korea. 4-Chlorophenyl acetate was prepared according to a literature procedure.² Ketones **2a-d**, **2f**, and **2h** were commercially available and used without further purification. Ketones **2e** and **2g** were prepared according to literature procedures from the corresponding alcohols.³ Euol acetates **1a-h** were prepared according to literature procedures.⁴

General procedure for conversion of ketones to chiral acetates: In a 50 mL flask equipped with a grease-free high-vacuum stopcock, 4'-methoxyacetophenone (**2b**) (150 mg, 1.00 mmol), $(Ph_4C_4CO)_2H(\mu-H)(CO)_4Rn_2$ (**5**) (22 mg, 0.020 mmol), 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-ol (268 μ L, 1.50 mmol), 4-chlorophenyl acetate (510 mg, 2.99 mmol), and Novozym 435 (30 mg) were mixed in toluene (3.2 mL). The mixture was degassed with sonication under vacuum, and the flask was filled with argon. The resulting suspension was heated at 70 °C for 44 h. The reaction mixture was filtered and separated on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane 1:8) to give a mixture (274 mg) of chiral acetate **4b** (91 % yield, 99 % ee) and 4-chlorophenyl acetate (1.00 : 0.55 ratio determined by ¹H NMR).

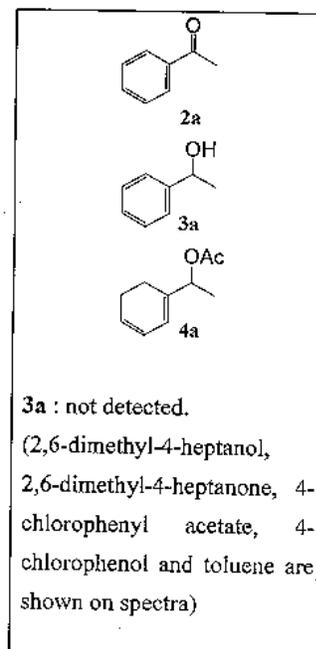
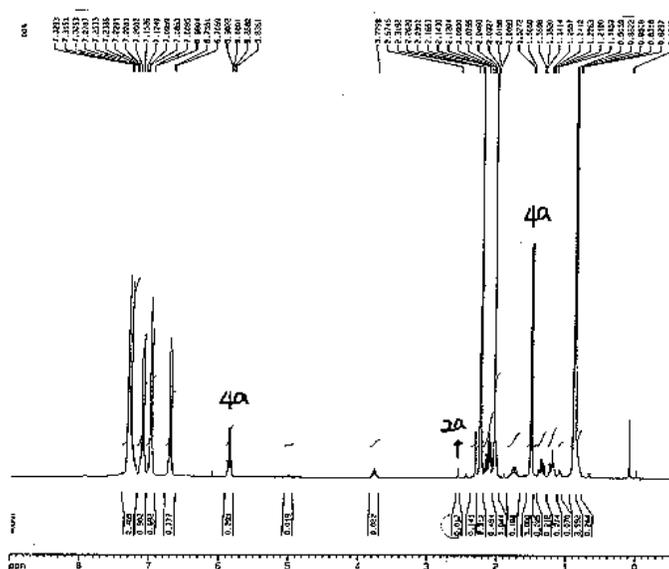
General procedure for conversion of enol acetates to chiral acetates: In a 50 mL flask equipped with a grease-free high-vacuum stopcock, $(Ph_4C_4CO)_2H(\mu-H)(CO)_4Ru_2$ (**5**) (22 mg, 0.020 mmol), Novozym 435 (28 mg), 2,6-dimethylheptan-4-ol (268 μ L,

1.50 mmol), and 1-phenylethenyl acetate (**1a**) (162 mg, 1.00 mmol) were mixed in toluene (3.2 mL). The resulting suspension was degassed with sonication under vacuum, and the flask was filled with argon. The suspension was heated at 70 °C for 42 h. The reaction mixture was separated on silica gel (ethyl acetate/hexane 1:8) to give chiral acetate **4a** (139 mg, 85 % yield). The enantiomeric excess was measured by HPLC equipped with a chiral column (R,R) Whelk-O1 (99 %ee).

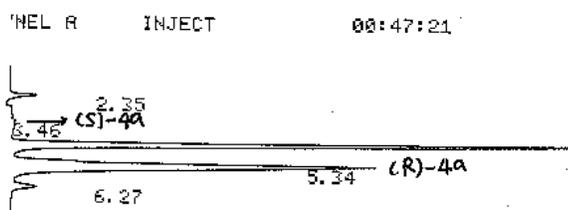
1. Shvo, Y.; Menashe, N. *Organometallics* **1991**, *10*, 3885.
2. Persson, B. A.; Larsson, A. L. E.; Ray, M. L.; Bäckvall, J.-E. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1999**, *121*, 1645.
3. Almeda, M. L. S.; Beller, M.; Wang, G.-Z.; Bäckvall, J.-E. *Chem. Eur. J.* **1996**, *2*, 1533.
4. Larock, R. C. *Comprehensive Organic Transformations*; VCH: New York, 1989, p. 743.

Spectral data for Tables 1 and 2.

Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 2a : Entry 1 in Table 1.



HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of 4a : Entry 1 in Table 1.



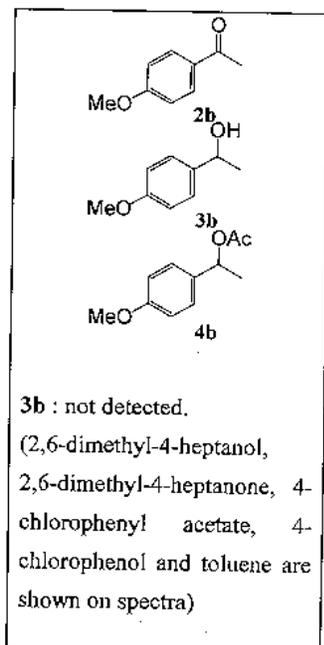
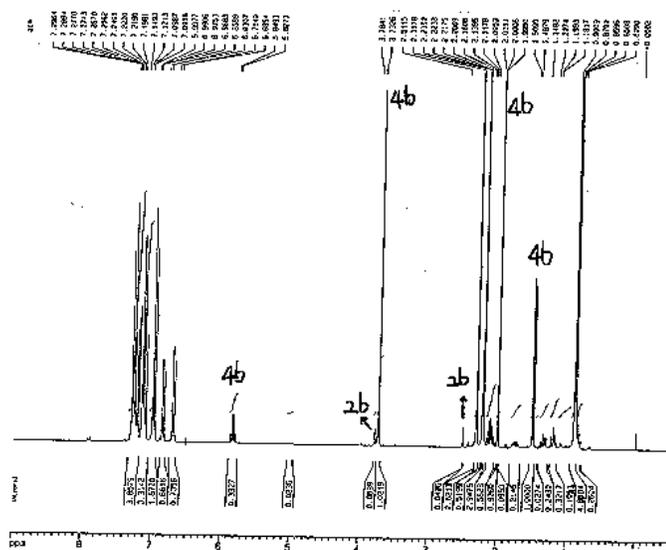
Condition :
 (R,R) Whelk-O1, Merk
 eluent hexane/iPrOH 95:5,
 1.0 ml/min.

Retention time :
 (S)-4a (3.46 min),
 (R)-4a (5.34 min).

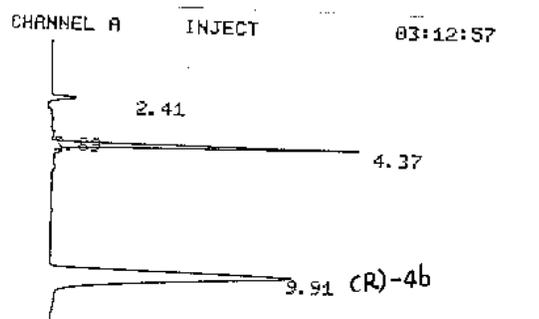
00:47:21

FILE	1.	METHOD	0.	RUN	2	INDEX	2
PEAK#		AREA%		RT		AREA	BC
1		1.705		2.35		3827	01
2		0.359		3.46		805	01
3		46.978		4.45		105470	01
4		48.298		5.34		108434	02
5		2.66		6.27		5973	03
AL		100.				224509	

Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 2b : Entry 2 in Table 1.



HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of 4b : Entry 2 in Table 1.

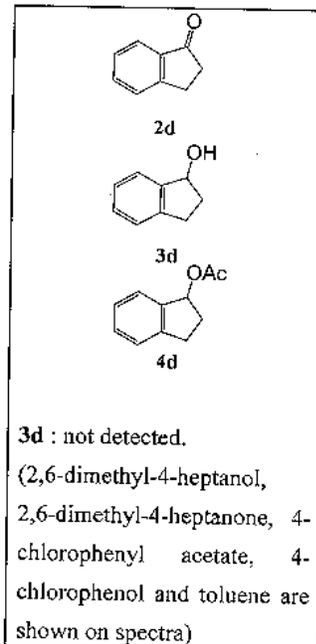
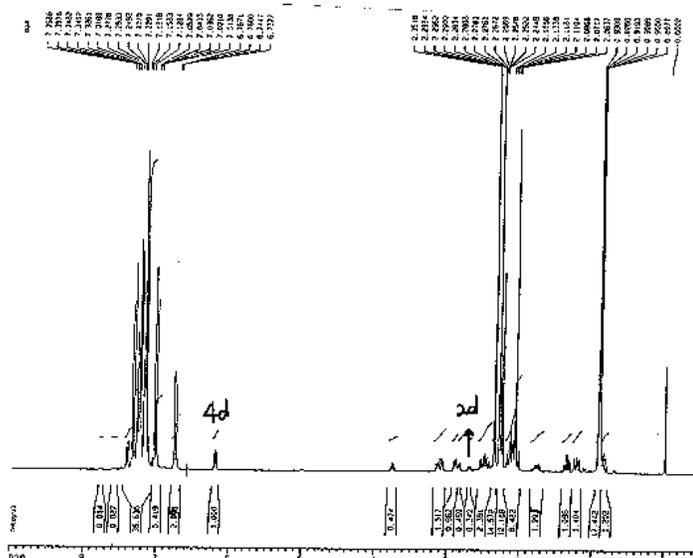


Condition :
 (R,R) Whelk-O1, Merk
 eluent hexane/iPrOH 95:5,
 1.0 ml/min.

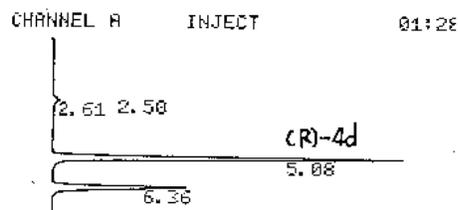
Retention time :
 (S)-4b (4.56 min)/ not
 detected,
 (R)-4b (9.91min).

FILE	1.	METHOD	0.	RUN	10	INJ
PEAK#		AREA%	RT	AREA	BC	
1		2.108	2.41	3295	01	
2		0.147	3.89	230	01	
3		24.715	4.37	38624	01	
4		73.029	9.91	114126	01	
TOTAL		100.		156275		

Crude ^1H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of **2d** : Entry 4 in Table 1.



HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of **4d** : Entry 4 in Table 1.

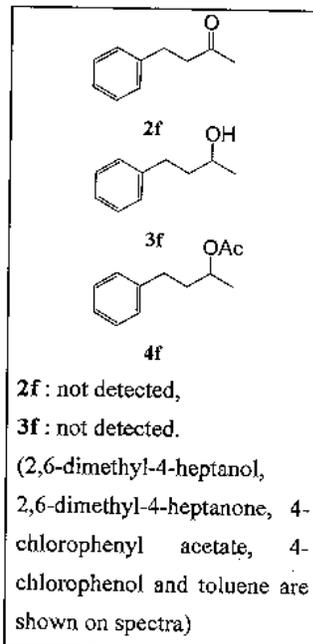
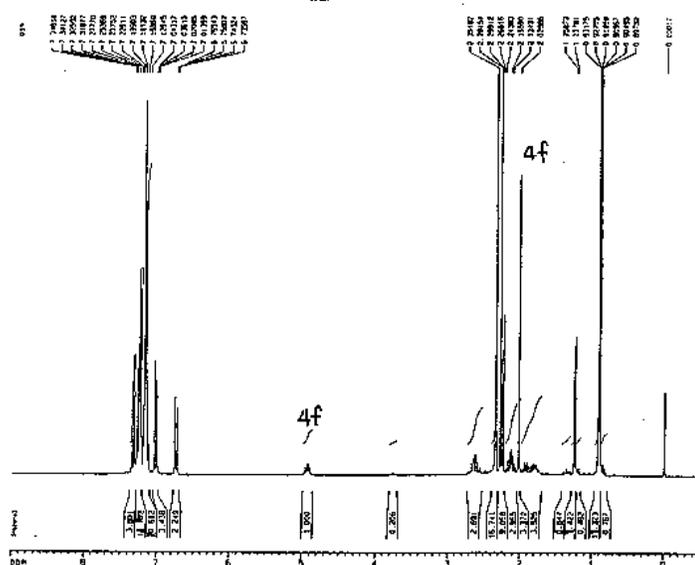


FILE	1.	METHOD	0.	RUN	3
PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA		
1	0.292	2.5	232		
2	0.512	2.61	407		
3	68.965	5.08	54866		
4	30.232	6.36	24771		
IL	100.		79		

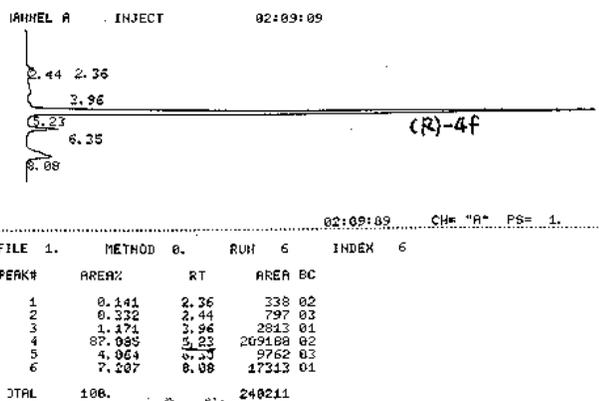
Condition :
 (R,R) Whelk-O1, Merk
 eluent : hexane/iPrOH 99:1,
 1.0 ml/min.

Retention time :
 (S)-**4d** (5.32min)/not detected
 (R)-**4d** (5.08 min).

Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 2f: **Entry 6 in Table 1.**



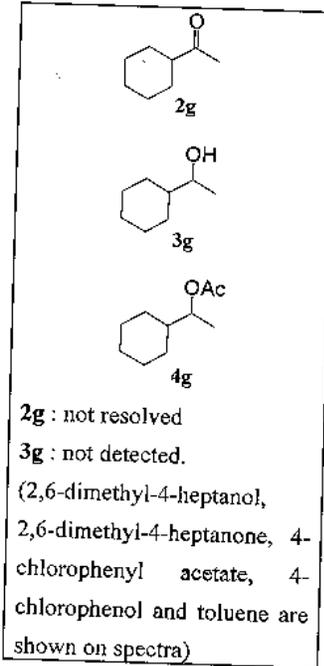
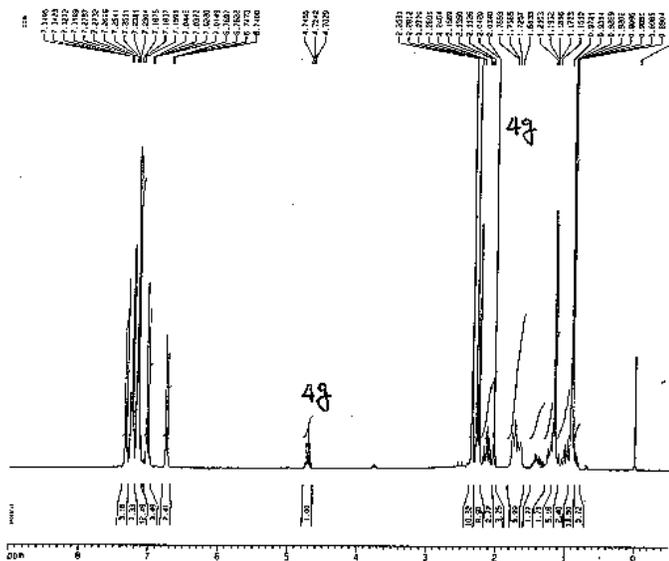
HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of 4f: **Entry 6 in Table 1.**



Condition :
 (R,R) WHELK-O1, Merck.
 eluent hexane/iPrOH 99:1,
 1.0 ml/min.

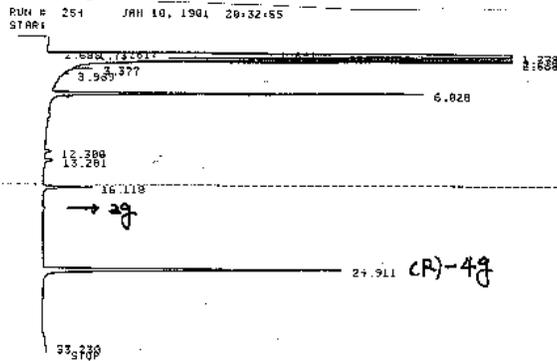
Retention time :
 (S)-4f (4.96 min)/not detected
 (R)-4f (5.23 min)

Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 2g : Entry 7 in Table 1.



GC analysis for determination of reaction conversion and enantiomeric excess of 4g: Entry 7 in Table 1.

Table 1.



Closing signal file N:\SIGNAL.DNA

RUN# 254 JAN 10, 1991 20:32:55

SIGNAL FILE: N:\SIGNAL.DNA

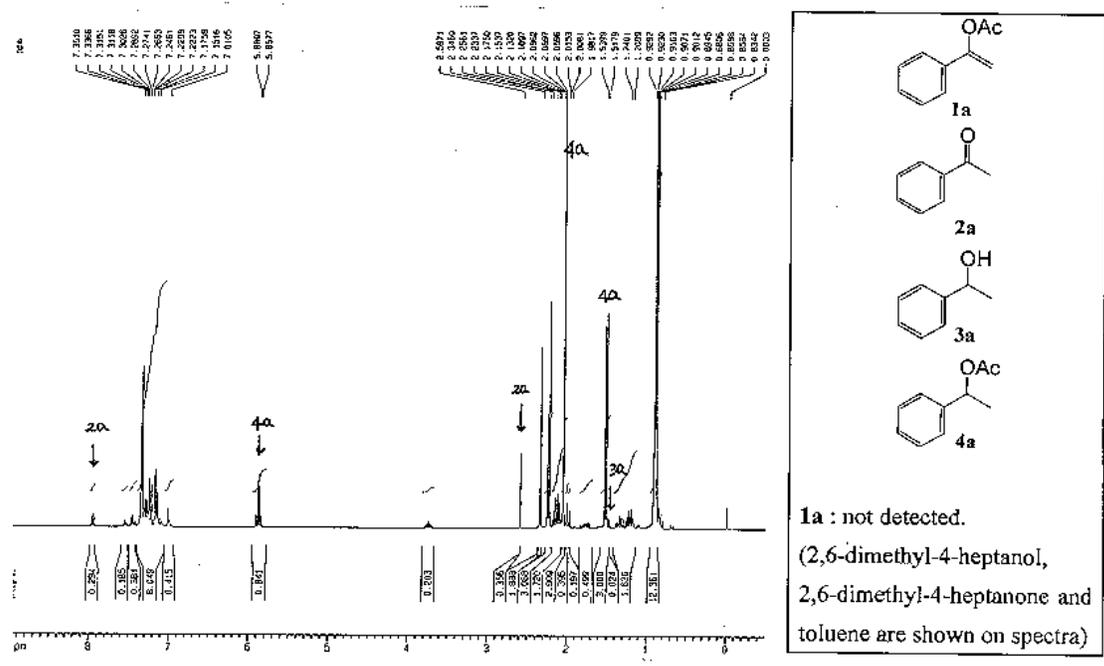
RT	AREA	TYPE	WIDTH	AREA%
1.647	43710	PV	.612	.02730
1.641	206223	UU	.814	.11614
1.688	6890	UB	.842	.00363
1.737	31293	PH	.941	.04761
1.779	92946752	>SHH	.182	52.33962
2.279	59074464	>SHH	.116	23.25293
2.589	15902504	SHB	.064	8.95154
2.377	122117	1BP	.087	.05374
2.369	31732	1PB	.097	.01790
6.028	3908710	SB	.159	2.30821
12.300	119864	SP	.256	.06747
13.201	154905	PS	.259	.08720
16.118	639710	BS	.104	.33982
24.911	4981261	BS	.226	2.52249
33.230	27790	PV	.666	.01564

TOTAL AREA=1.7765E+00
 MUL FACTOR=1.0000E+00

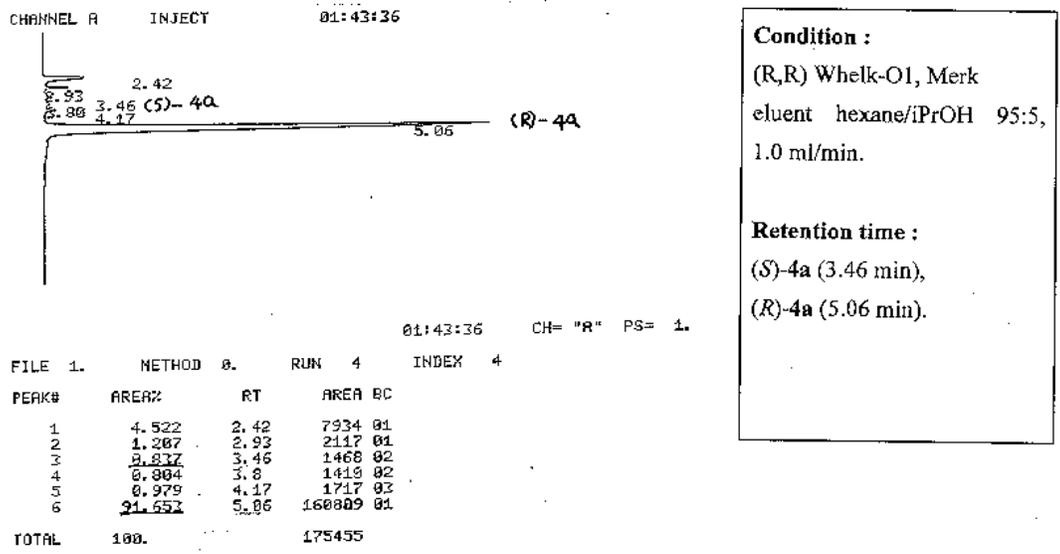
Condition :
 Chiraldex B-PH, Alltech.
 Initial temp. 60 °C (10 min),
 increase temp. rate 2 °C/min,
 final temp. 85 °C.

Retention time :
 (S)-4g (24.51 min)/ not
 detected
 (R)-4g (24.91 min),
 3g (30.65 min)/not detected,
 2g (18.45 min),

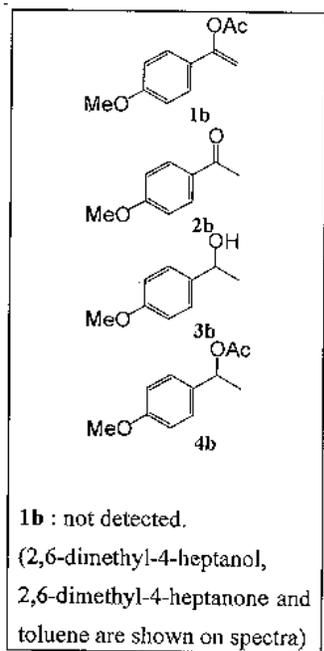
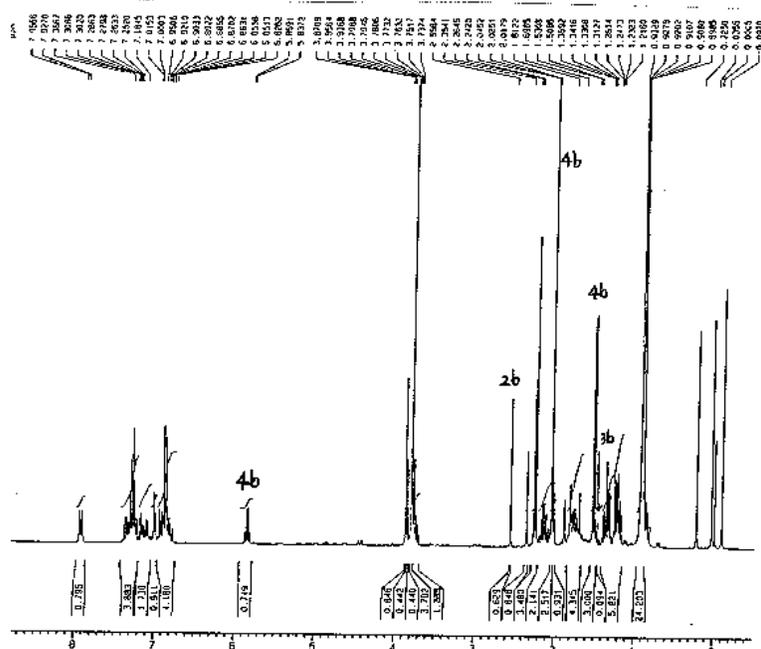
Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 1a : Entry 1 in Table 2.



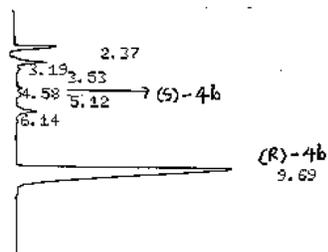
HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of 4a : Entry 1 in Table 2.



Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 1b : Entry 2 in Table 2.



HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of 4b : Entry 2 in Table 2.

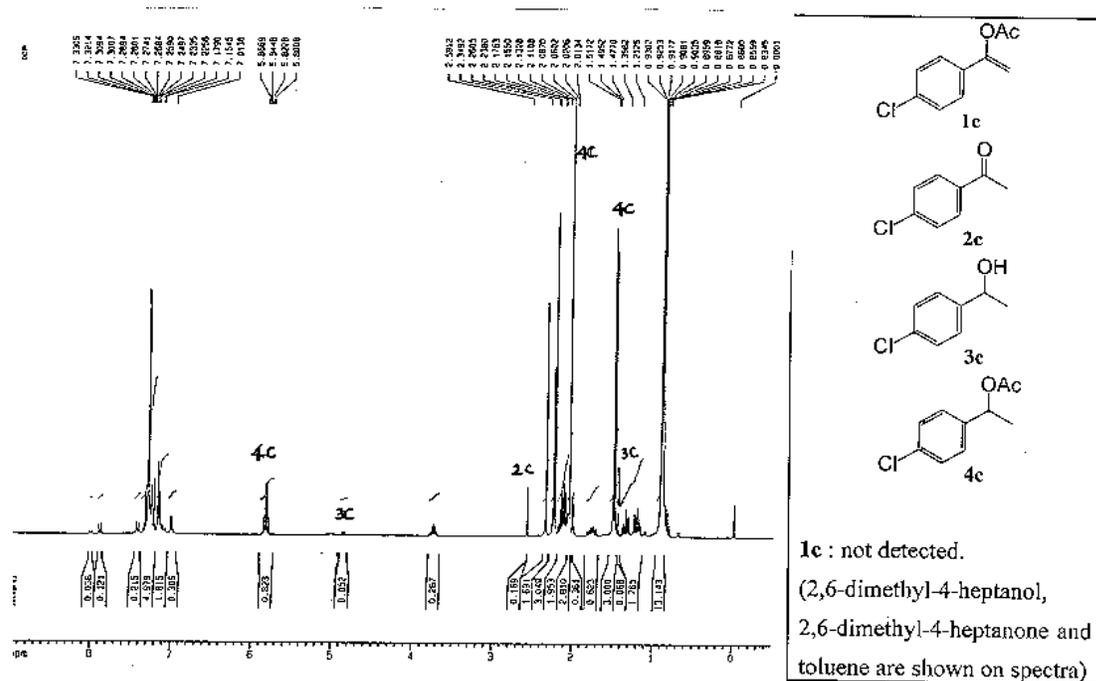


Condition :
 (R,R) Whelk-O1, Merk
 eluent hexane/iPrOH 95:5,
 1.0 ml/min.

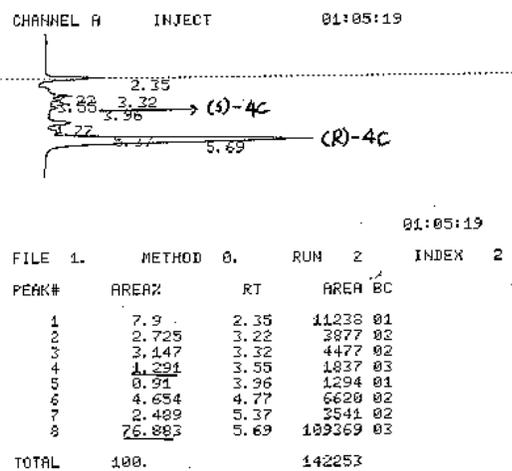
Retention time :
 (S)-4b (4.58 min),
 (R)-4b (9.69 min).

FILE	1.	METHOD	0.	RUN	2
PEAK#	AREA%	RT	AREA	BC	
1	4.417	2.37	7355	01	
2	4.374	3.19	7283	01	
3	0.312	3.53	519	01	
4	0.813	4.58	1354	02	
5	1.295	5.12	2157	03	
6	3.099	6.14	5160	01	
7	85.69	9.69	142696	01	
L	100.		166514		

Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 1c : Entry 3 in Table 2.



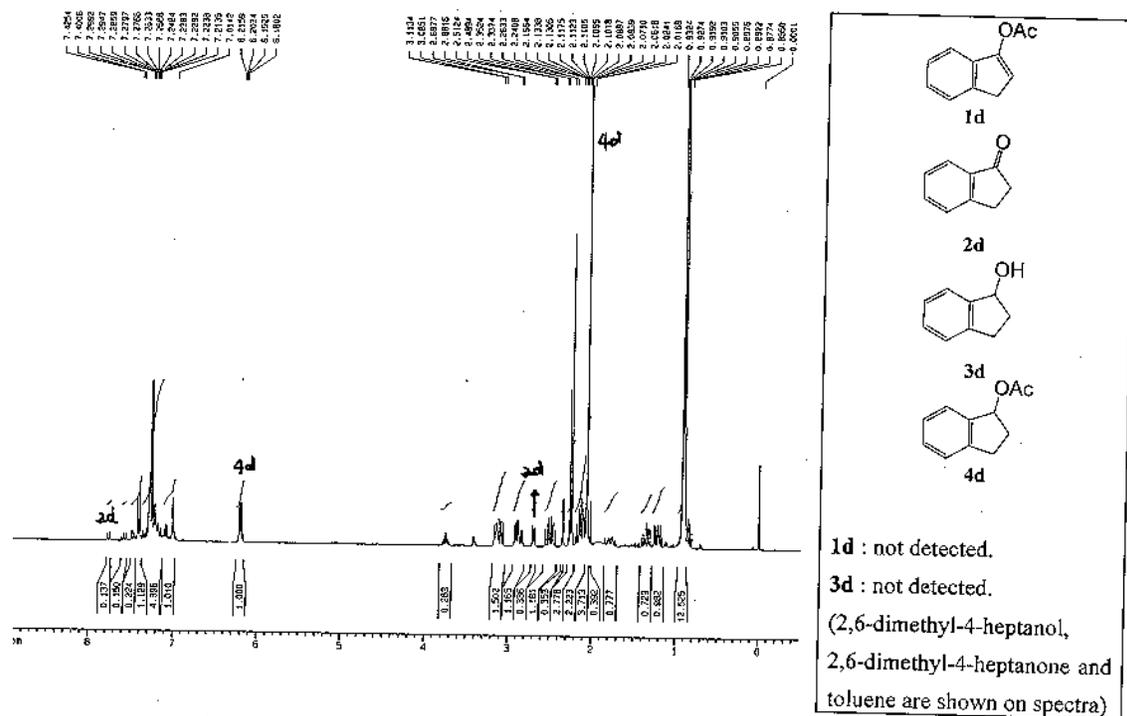
HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of 4c : Entry 3 in Table 2.



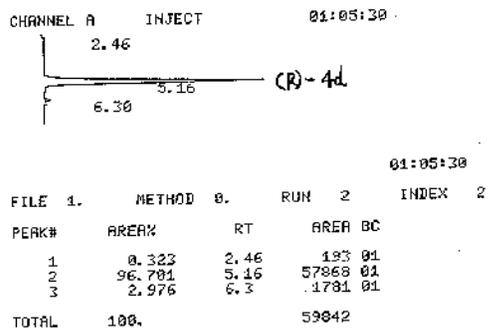
Condition :
 (R,R) Whelk-O1, Merk
 eluent hexane/iPrOH 95:5,
 1.0 ml/min.

Retention time :
 (S)-4c (3.55 min),
 (R)-4c (5.69 min).

Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of **1d** : Entry 4 in Table 2.



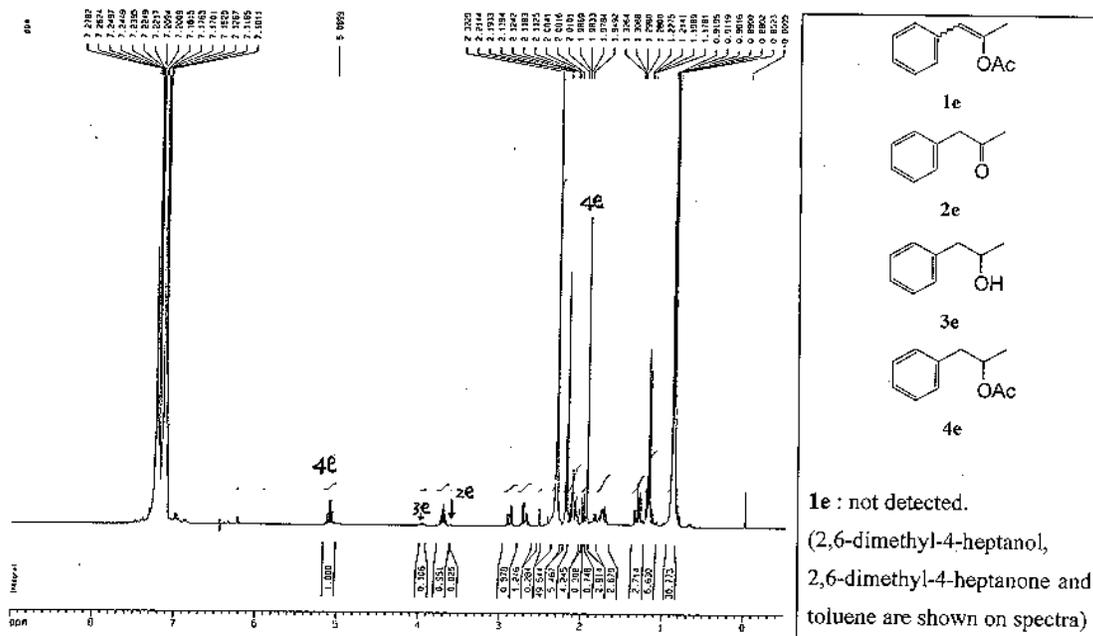
HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of **4d** : Entry 4 in Table 2.



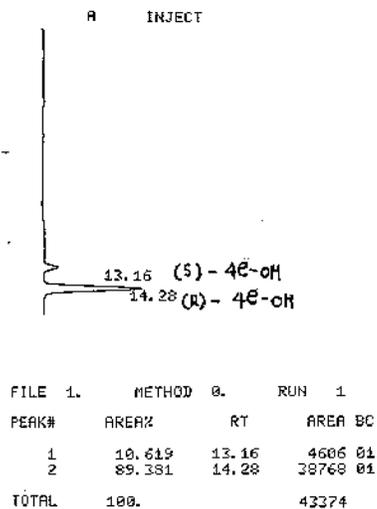
Condition :
 (R,R) Whelk-O1, Merk
 eluent hexane/iPrOH 99:1,
 1.0 ml/min.

Retention time :
 (S)-**4d** (5.32min)/not detected
 (R)-**4d** (5.16 min).

Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of **1e** : **Entry 5** in **Table 2**.



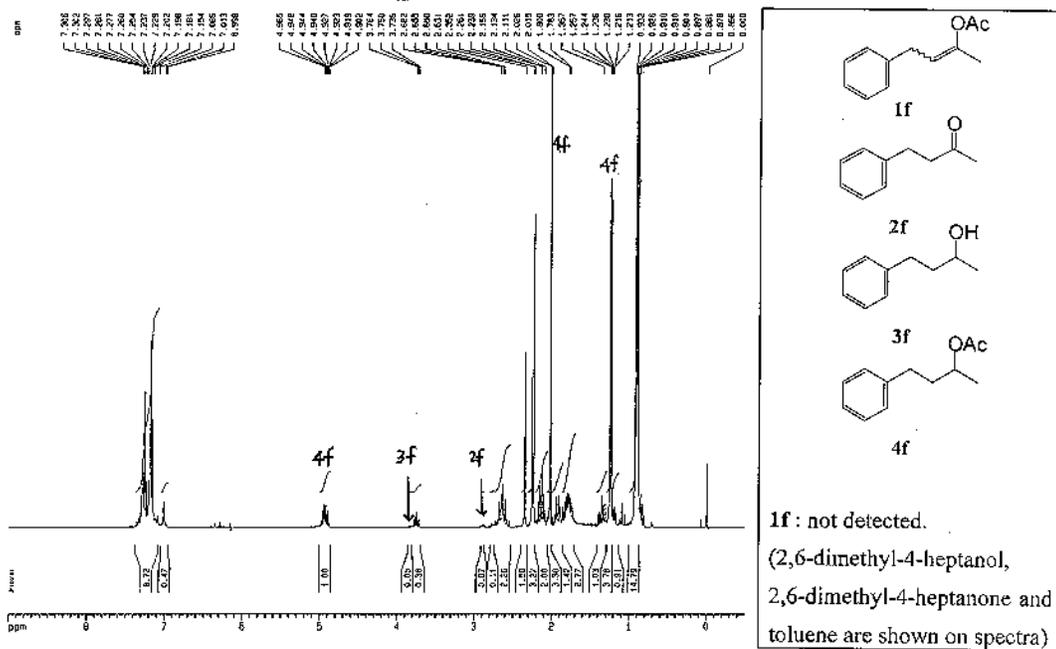
HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excesses of **4e** : **Entry 5** in **Table 2**.
 (after hydrolysis to alcohol)



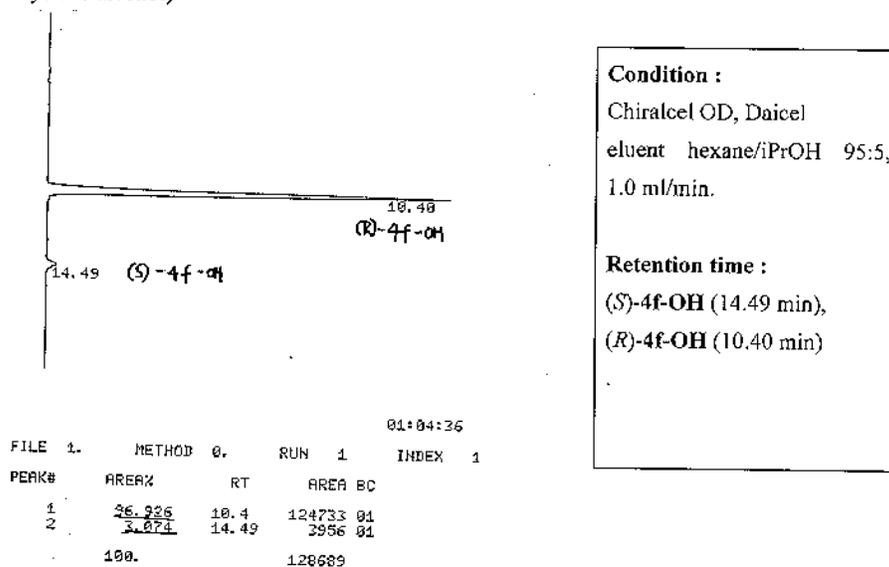
Condition :
 Chiralcel OD, Daicel
 eluent hexane/iPrOH 98:2,
 1.0 ml/min.

Retention time :
(S)-4e-OH (13.16 min),
(R)-4e-OH (14.28 min)

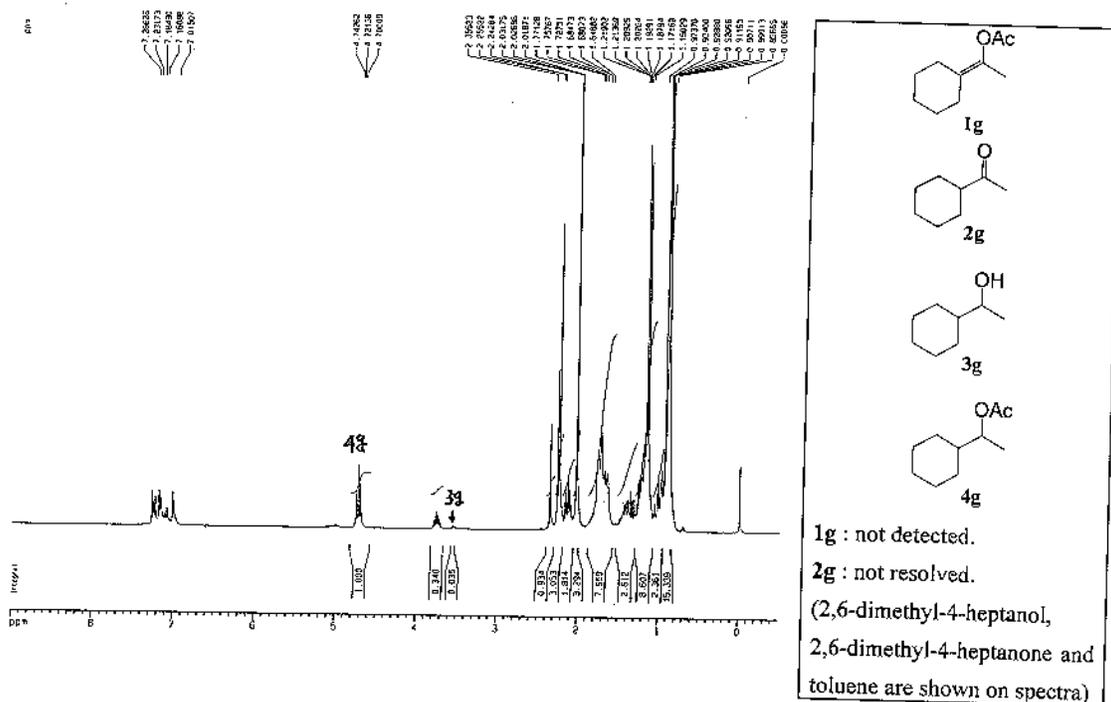
Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 1f: **Entry 6** in **Table 2**.



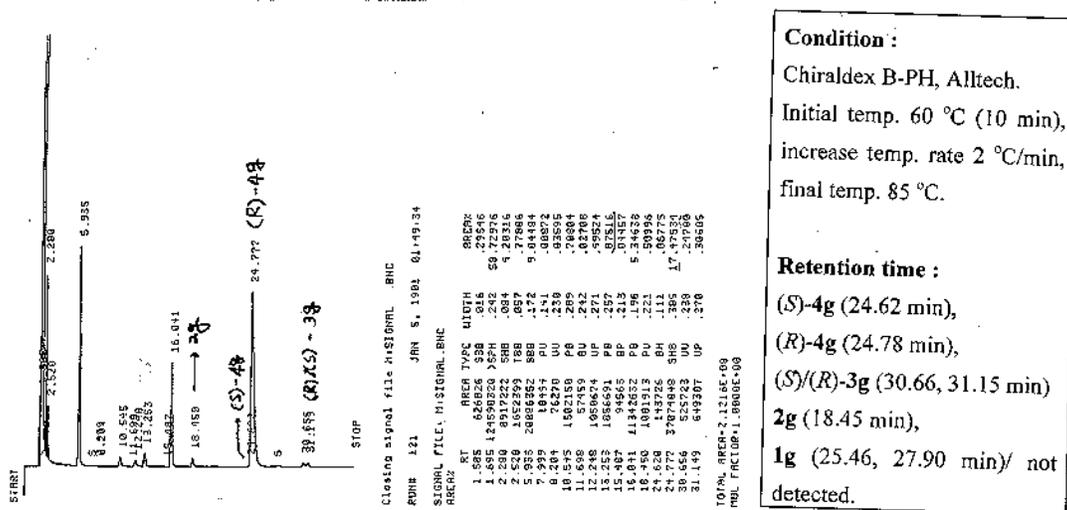
HPLC analysis for determination of enantiomeric excess of 4f: **Entry 6** in **Table 2**.
 (after hydrolysis to alcohol)



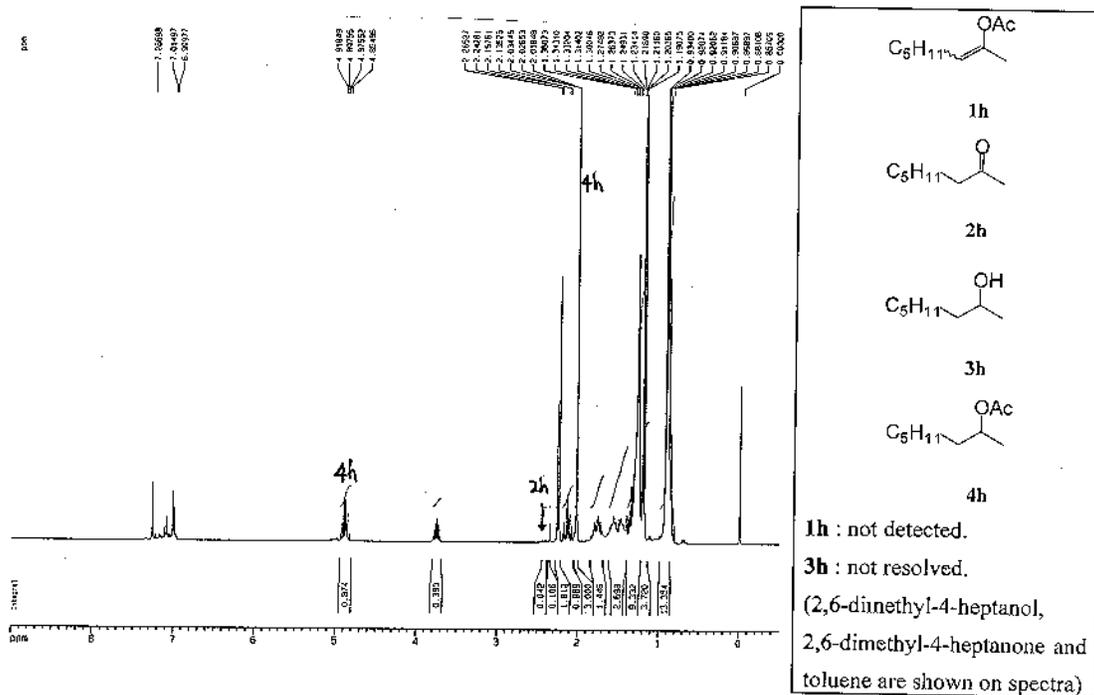
Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of **1g**: Entry 7 in Table 2.



GC analysis for determination of reaction conversion and enantiomeric excess of **4g**: Entry 7 in Table 2.



Crude ¹H NMR spectra for determination of reaction conversion of 1h : Entry 8 in Table 2.



GC analysis for determination of reaction conversion and enantiomeric excess of 4h: Entry 8 in Table 2.

